

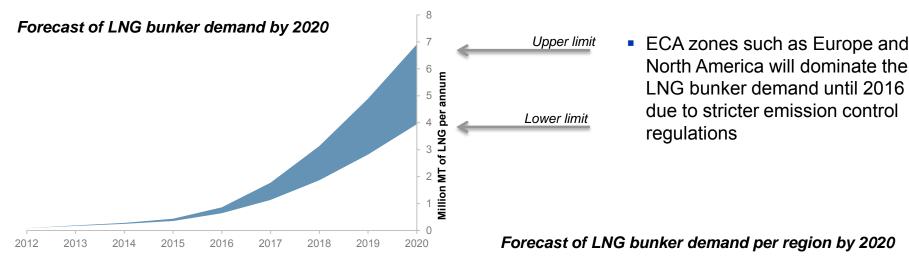
What infrastructure is needed? What are the demands and what certificates are needed?

Green shipping - using LNG as fuel for vessels conference

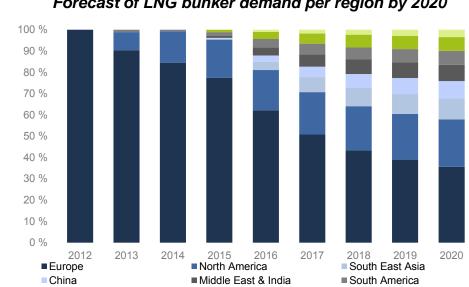
Jonathan Abrahams Tallinn, 31st October 2012



LNG bunker demand is expected to experience a significant increase in volume due to stricter emission requirements



- By 2020, there will be more regions with increasing stricter emission controls come into the picture
- Demand of LNG bunker will increase in regions with high shipping traffic such as South East Asia and China



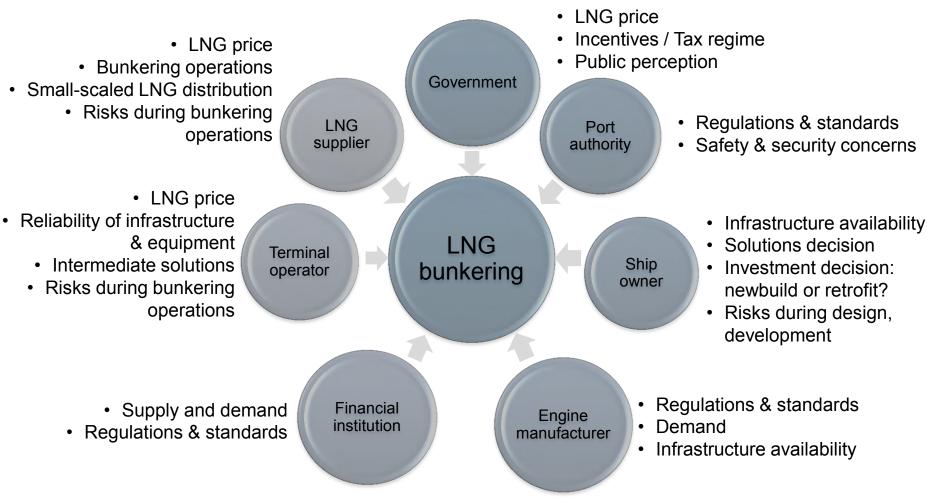


Global LNG bunker demand by 2020





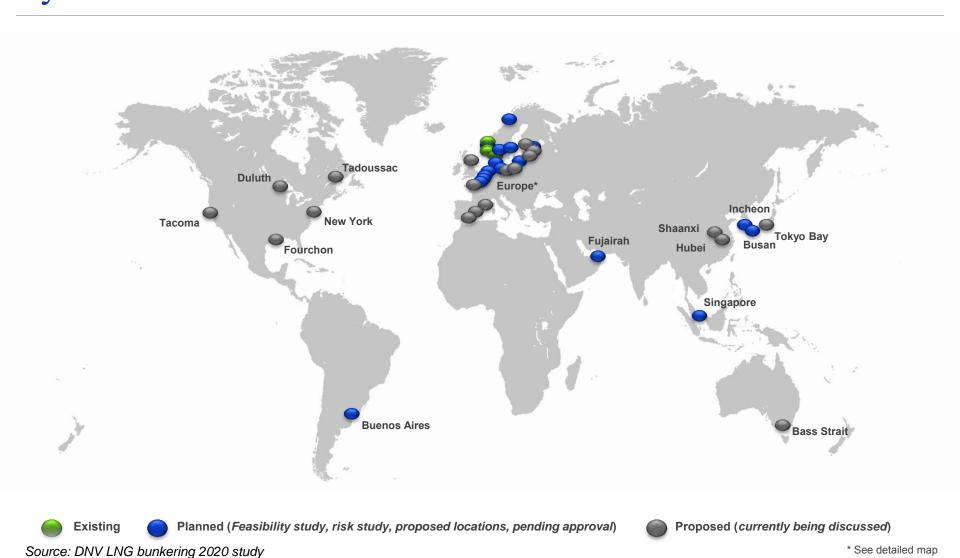
Stakeholders' challenges in the development of LNG as fuel for shipping



Source: DNV LNG bunkering 2020 study

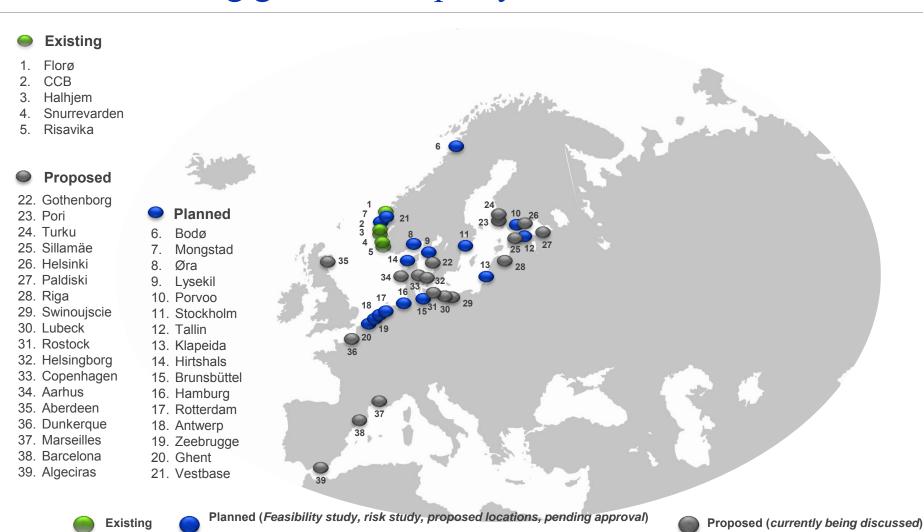


Current and forecast of global LNG bunkering infrastructure by 2020





LNG Bunkering grid in Europe by 2020



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Source: DNV LNG bunkering 2020 study



The framework for introducing LNG as fuel

- IMO Interim Guidelines for gas as ship fuel (MSC.285(86))
- IMO IGF Code → under development
 - Rules for the receiving ship, the ship using LNG as fuel
- IMO IGC Code → Liquefied gas carriers
 - Rules for the bunker boat, which is a small LNG carrier
- ISO/TC 67/WG 10 PT1 → under development by IMO
- SIGGTO, OCIMF
 - Guidelines for LNG transfer and Port Operation
 - Guidelines for oil transfer, ship-to-ship oil bunker procedures
- Port regulations
 - USCG, "Green bunkering" for Port of Gotenborg
- Onshore regulations
 - EU, NFPA, FERC, DBS



International initiatives on LNG bunkering guidelines

- LNG ship-to-ship bunkering procedure
- Shell LNG bunkering installation guidelines
- ISO/TC 67/WG 10 PT1
- BunGas Joint Industry Project
- SIGGTO Natural Gas marine Fuel Safety Advisory
- WPCI (World Ports Climate Initiatives) LNG Working Group









Safeguarding life, property and the environment

